## Examples of Multi-Agent Based Simulations

1. The Biomas Model Biomass flow modelling and simulation for organic waste management

Rémy Courdier, François Guerrin, Fenintsoa Andriamasinoro, Jean-Marie Paillat. Agent-based simulation of complex systems: Application to collective management of animal wastes, 23. In Journal of Artificial Societies and Social Simulation 5 (3).

http://jasss.soc.surrey.ac.uk/5/3/4.html

## Examples of Agent-Based Simulations: BIOMAS Problematic

Environmental Risks

## Governmental regulations







### Test the alternatives of organization open to the agricultural industry

## Examples of Agent-Based Simulations: BIOMAS Biomas application context

## Simulation Platforms

GeOmas

Platform

GEOMAS SEISMIC Geophysical surveys for simulating seismic bedding planes

> GEOMAS VOLCANIC Geophysical surveys for simulating volcanic systems

RUNMAGS Probationary prototype Urban Mobility and Trafic Congestion Simulation

### BIOMAS Biomass flow modelling and organic waste management

MUFINS: MUlti Fish INdian ocean Simulator Modelling of behavioural dynamics of fish resources

## GEAMAS Platform

SMAT & DS Simulation of Land use evolutions for public decision making

EDMMAS Probationary prototype Energy Demand Management by Multi-Agent Simulation

## GEAMAS-NG Platform

## Examples of Multi-Agent Based Simulations: BIOMAS Biomas Model : objectives

 Simulate the individual and collective practices of waste management at a territory level:

- production and consumption of organic matter,
- exchange of organic matter by considering spatial constraints,
- negotiations between stakeholders (farmers, transporters, processing units ...).

## Test alternative organizational actors to:

- ✓ reduce the risk of environmental pollution,
- ✓ propose solutions valuation effluent.



Soustainable development problem

# Examples of Multi-Agent Based Simulations: BIOMAS Project components

MAS researchers with CIRAD Modellers

**CIRAD** and INRA researchers



Spatial planning and sustainable development through multi-agent simulation: lessons from Reunion Prof Rémy COURDIER, University of Réunion Island

CIRAD researchers Public Decision Maker

## Examples of Multi-Agent Based Simulations: BIOMAS Biomas Agent Model



## Examples of Multi-Agent Based Simulations: BIOMAS Biomas Agent Model



# Examples of Multi-Agent Based Simulations: BIOMAS Negotiation Process

Livestock farms create a supply of Organic Material (OM) and crop farms create a demand that must be met and that is conditional upon satisfying quality, quantity and availability conditions.

The process enabling the matching of the characteristics of supply and demand that lead to a transfer is called a negotiation.

The transportation from the place of storage (livestock farming buildings) to the place of use (plots) shall be effectuated if and only if a shipper can be found whose characteristics are compatible with the terms of the contract concluded between supplier and client-user (capability of transporting the OM, availability).

The shipment is the result of a negotiation between supplier of the OM and shippers.

## Case Study: Grand-llet, Le tampon Area in the heart of the Reunion Island

# Examples of Multi-Agent Based Simulations: BIOMAS Case Study: « le Petit Tampon »

- 300 Crops of 6 different types spread over 700 ha (Sugarcane, Pineapple, strawberry,...)
- 40 Livestocks of 6 types (Sheep, poultry,...)





## / Total number of livestock















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### Fichier Outils Affichage Aide

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### Fichier Outils Affichage Aide

#### 7% - GEAMAS 6.0 - IREMIA/SMART research team - PTGT2012\_s3dan - 2013-01-14-1

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### Fichier Outils Affichage Aide

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## Main simulation view: Global Perspective 000 Views Global p Situated perspective Synthetic perspective 000 Infos Propriétés Console Compile ...:26> c\_Robert\_JC n'a recu aucune offre (cult\_23.9)<12/02/13 10:37:26> c\_Trebalage\_G analyse les offres de MO qui lui seraient parvenues (cult\_23.9)<12/02/13 10:37:26> c\_Trebalage\_G n'a recu aucune offre (Cu\_41.0)<12/02/13 10:37:26> Cuma\_PTBerg envoie la nouvelle livraison a faire a mt\_Dan\_15 (cult\_21.9) <12/02/13 10:47:26> c\_Robert\_JC analyse les offres de MO qui lui seraient parvenues (cult\_21.9)<12/02/13 10:47:26> c\_Robert\_JC n'a recu aucune offre (cult\_23.9)<12/02/13 10:47:26> c\_Trebalage\_G analyse les offres de MO qui lui seraient parvenues (cult\_23.9)<12/02/13 10:47:26> c\_Trebalage\_G n'a recu aucune offre (Cu\_43.0)<12/02/13 10:47:26> UsineGol previent c\_Gigan\_P qu'il pourra lui livrer les 50.0 m3 (soit 12.0 Ua) de ecume (Cu\_43.0) < 12/02/13 10:47:26> UsineGol envoie un ordre de livraison a Cuma\_PTBerg

7% - GEAMAS 6.0 - IREMIA/SMART research team - PTGT2012\_s3dan - 2013-01-14-1

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#### 7% - GEAMAS 6.0 - IREMIA/SMART research team - PTGT2012\_s3dan - 2013-01-14-1

### Fichier Outils Affichage Aide

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## Examples of Multi-Agent Based Simulations Batch simulation results analyses

Relevant towards waste management





# Examples of Multi-Agent Based Simulations Biomas Project Evolution

AnyLogic<sup>®</sup>6

rungi title

Modelling human activities in farming systems based on the situated action theory XJ Technologies

- We consider the environment as an intelligent entity that has the ability to decide locally, at given time and space, the actions to perform.
- Surrogates of real actors, called *actuators*, just execute the actions dictated by the agents embedded in the environment.
- The model is based on the affordance and stigmergy concepts



Zoubida Afoutni, Rémy Courdier, François Guerrin (2012) Modelling Situated Action based on Affordance and Stigmergy, 175-180. In IEEE International Conference on Self-Adaptive and Self- Organizing Systems (SASO).

## Conversation = set of messages exchanged between agents

### 1) Critical situation alarm arising in an OMP (resp. OMC) farm:

- risk of effluent overflow in storages OR
- (resp. fertilization needs by crops)

### 2) Negotiation set-up:

- an OMP agent proposes OM to the agents of its social network OR
- (resp an OMC agent requests OM to the agents of its social network)

### 3) OM negotiation:

• matching OM supplies with demands in terms of type and quantity;

### 4) Transport negotiation with OMT agents:

• finding a carrier available with adequate capacity;

### 5) Actual OM deliveries.

## 4 Conversation parts

(1) A set of "sub-conversations"

✓ possibly empty

(2) "Metadata" :

Synthetic and objective information

(3) "Knowledge" :

✓ Specific synthetic information

(4) "Message-id" :

✓ Message identifiers

# Conversation : reduced and relevant information

## (1) Concept of conversation

✓ (sub-conversations, metadata, knowledge and message identifiers)

(2) Tools for visualisation at various level of analysis

- ✓ Conversation sequence diagram (local)
- Conversation wire (intermediate)
- ✓ Conversation map (global)

-> Better analyse real and large scale simulations results (interactions) Future work

- Improve capacity of conversation interpretation
  - ✓ (cf. semantic web)

